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# Wisconsin's Youth Empowered Solutions Monitors and Improves Participant Outcomes

isconsin's Youth Empowered Solutions (YES!) is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Health Services and is funded by a five-year Now is the Time – Healthy Transitions grant from

the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Two Wisconsin counties, Jefferson County and Outagamie County have been serving youth and young adults (ages 16–25) since April 2015. YES! sites serve youth and young adults with, or at risk for, serious mental health and/or substance use conditions, and who are experiencing challenges related to poverty, high rates of psychiatric hospitalization, and unmet mental health service needs. The Wisconsin Department of Health Services contracted with the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute (UWPHI) for the purposes of program evaluation.

### **METHODS**

As a part of the Now is the Time – Healthy Transitions grant, YES! site staff collect data using the federally-required National Outcome Measures (NOMs) tool when a participant is admitted to YES!, every six months after admission, and when a participant is discharged from YES! services.<sup>1</sup> As a part of the program evaluation, UWPHI staff use SAMHSA's Outcome Measure Report Guide as a framework to inform analyses conducted to monitor and report participant outcomes.<sup>2</sup> These analyses include participant outcomes between the intake and six-month follow-up interviews, and the intake and discharge interviews. Participant outcomes analyses are conducted and reported to state and local partners on an annual basis.

Improving participant outcomes and defining "positive outcomes" and "improved outcomes" for youth and young adults served through YES! has been a focus of the YES! initiative and evaluation. YES! staff and stakeholders have discussed this at length and considered what is appropriate and realistic for this population. This discussion and review of SAMHSA's outcome measures resulted in a modification of SAMHSA's definitions of "improved outcomes." For example, SAMHSA considered a change in drug and alcohol use to abstinence from drugs and alcohol as an improved outcome; however, YES! staff agreed that the definition of an improved outcome should include sustained abstinence and reductions in alcohol and drug use.

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Similarly, SAMHSA's definition of an improved outcome for stable housing in the community includes changing housing situations to an "owned or rented house, apartment, trailer, room," and a "group home" for this population. YES! staff decided to assess changes in housing, without placing an "improved" definition on it since it varies for this population. In addition, YES! site staff began gathering separate, more in-depth, housing stability measures to document whether current housing situations are considered to be stable, as defined by YES! staff and stakeholders. For example, a 17-year-old living in a parent's house without a threat of displacement is considered to be in stable housing under this definition.

To demonstrate how our modification of the SAMHSA indicators impacted our results, we will review our analysis of the outcomes in the domain of illegal drug use. While SAMHSA defines an improved outcome as using illegal drugs within the 30 days before baseline, and then never using any illegal drugs in the 30 days prior to the second interview, YES! staff agreed that less frequent use of illegal drugs in the 30 days prior to the second interview (as compared to the baseline interview), and sustained abstinence from illegal drugs (no use in the 30 days prior to the baseline and second interview) should be included in a definition of improved outcomes. In the initial analysis of the use of illegal drugs domain according to SAMHSA's definition at six-month follow-up, 20% of our total YES! participants were abstinent from illegal drugs in the 30 days prior to the six-month follow-up interview. This was largely due to our participants not using illegal drugs within the 30 days prior to the baseline interview. When we modified SAMHSA's definition of improved outcomes and used our local definition, 64% of our total YES! participants remained abstinent and/or have improved outcomes.

OUTCOME DOMAIN	IMPROVEMENT FROM BASELINE TO 6-MONTH FOLLOW-UP (N = 63)	IMPROVEMENT FROM BASELINE TO DISCHARGE (N = 33)
NO SERIOUS PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS	62 % ( <i>n</i> = 61)	81% ( <i>n</i> = 31)
FUNCTIONING IN EVERYDAY LIFE	84% ( <i>n</i> = 61)	93% ( <i>n</i> = 26)
OVERALL HEALTH	83% ( <i>n</i> = 61)	87% ( <i>n</i> = 30)
NEVER USING ILLEGAL DRUGS	64% ( <i>n</i> = 50)	58% ( <i>n</i> = 26)
NOT BINGE DRINKING	85% ( <i>n</i> = 60)	77% ( <i>n</i> = 30)
NOT USING TOBACCO PRODUCTS	50% ( <i>n</i> = 60)	42% ( <i>n</i> = 31)
STABLE HOUSING IN COMMUNITY	42% ( <i>n</i> = 60)	42% ( <i>n</i> = 31)
RETAINED IN THE COMMUNITY	89% ( <i>n</i> = 36)	79% ( <i>n</i> = 19)
SOCIALLY CONNECTED	87% ( <i>n</i> = 52)	89% ( <i>n</i> = 27)
ATTENDING SCHOOL REGULARLY AND/OR CURRENTLY EMPLOYED	79% ( <i>n</i> = 56)	56% ( <i>n</i> = 27)
NO INVOLVEMENT WITH CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM	98% ( <i>n</i> = 60)	94% ( <i>n</i> = 31)

## TABLE 1. PARTICIPANT OUTCOMES

Regional Research Institute for Human Services, Portland State University. This article and others can be found at www.pathwaysrtc.pdx.edu. For permission to reproduce articles at no charge, please contact the publications coordinator at 503.725.4175; fax 503.725.4180 or email rtcpubs@pdx.edu Outcomes analyses were conducted using the domains outlined by SAMHSA, and analyses conducted included the expanded definitions of improved outcomes defined by YES! staff and stakeholders.

#### **RESULTS**

Using the definitions developed, UWPHI evaluation staff conducted participant outcomes analyses between the intake and six-month follow-up interviews, and the intake and discharge interviews (see Table 1). These analyses were conducted based on all of the information collected by YES! site staff during the first three years of YES! implementation.

Baseline interviews were completed with 136 individuals during the first three years. At the six-month follow-up interview (n = 63), at least half of YES! participants experienced improved outcomes in 10 of the 11 outcome areas measured, with more than 75% of YES! participants reporting improved outcomes in seven of the areas.

Outcomes measured at discharge (n = 33) were similar to those reported at the six-month follow-up interview, and rates of improved outcomes in the areas of mental and physical health were higher than those at the six-month follow-up. It should also be noted that the average length of stay for YES! participants who were discharged from YES! during the first three years of implementation was 8.5 months, and 47% of those discharged were involved for nine months or longer.

#### LIMITATIONS

The number of individuals included in the outcomes analyses has been impacted by a series of changes in the required federal participant interview tool, as well as challenges in successfully completing the six-month follow-up and discharge interviews with participants. A larger number of participants will be included in the six-month and discharge outcomes analyses as YES! continues to be implemented. Future analyses of other follow-up interviews (12-month, 18-month, etc.) will also be considered.

Additional information about the YES! initiative and the program evaluation can be found in the YES! Evaluation Report for Grant Years  $1-3.^3$ 

#### REFERENCES

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